

IN CONGRESS.

The Senate Passes the Postoffice Appropriation.

The House Amuses Itself by Doing Practically Nothing.

World's Fair Naval Display Assuming Immense Proportions.

Two Minority Reports Presented on the Whisky Trust Investigation—Alaska Fur-bearing Animals Unprecedented Wit.

By Telegraph to The Times.
WASHINGTON, March 2.—[By the Associated Press.] Senate.—The post-office appropriation was taken up and passed, and Mr. Culom made a statement as to the amount of the appropriation, showing that the department was practically self-supporting.

The Indian Appropriation Bill was then taken up. As amended it appropriates \$8,595,000 to pay the Cherokee for the lands in question, of which \$595,000 shall be payable immediately, and the remaining \$8,000,000 shall be payable in five equal annual installments, commencing the 4th of March, 1894, and ending on the 4th of March, 1898, the deferred payments to bear 4 per cent. interest.

Numerous amendments were offered to various clauses of the bill, and most of them were agreed to. Finally the bill was reported back to the Senate from committee of the whole, and all the amendments were agreed to in bulk, except one, which requires officers of the army detailed as Indian agents to give the same bonds as civilian agents.

Mr. Cockrell demanded a vote upon the amendment, and Mr. Vilas opposed the amendment as an indirect method of defeating the law of last session, providing that army officers shall be assigned to duties as Indian agents. The amendment was rejected. The bill then passed, and Mr. Hale moved to proceed to the consideration of the Deficiency Bill.

The Senate took a recess till 8 p.m., and on reassembling the reading of the Deficiency Bill was proceeded with. All amendments reported from the Committee on Appropriations were agreed to, and the bill then passed.

At 11 p.m. memorial services were held in respect to the memory of late Representatives Craig and Warwick. At the close of these services the Senate at 1:30 o'clock adjourned.

House.—An unusually large audience in the galleries was the only evidence of the approaching end of the present Congress.

The House was waiting for the Senate to act on the appropriations bills, and for an hour did nothing. Finally it took up the President's veto of the Alabama Court Bill yesterday.

After considerable debate and amid much confusion, the conference report on the Sundry Civil Bill was agreed to, 131: nays, 119. Mr. Holman demanded the previous question on non-concurring in the Senate amendments, which was not agreed to. Then Mr. Bailey came forward as a filibusterer, and raised the point that there was no quorum on Mr. Holman's motion. Mr. Holman withdrew his demand. Before the matter was disposed of the hour of 8 o'clock had arrived—the hour appointed for the House to do tribute to the memory of the late Senator Kenna of West Virginia. Speeches were made in honor of the memory of the deceased and appropriate resolutions adopted.

Resolutions relative to the death of Senator Hearn of California were also adopted, but no speeches were made.

The Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill was again taken up, and the Senate amendments relative to the World's Fair were unanimously non-concurred in. This was done in order to facilitate the transaction of business. The bill was then sent to conference.

The Senate amendments to the post-office appropriation were non-concorded in, and the bill was sent to conference.

The conference report on the Legislative Appropriation Bill was agreed to.

On unfinished business, a motion by Mr. Stump (Dem.) to suspend the rules in order to pass the Senate bill to facilitate the enforcement of the immigration and contract labor laws, was agreed to, 93 to 82.

The Senate amendments to the Indian Appropriation Bill was non-concurred in.

Mr. Boatner moved to suspend the rules and pass the joint resolution providing for private clerks for Representatives not chairmen of committees. Agreed to, yeas, 132; nays, 58, and then the House adjourned.

THE NAVAL DISPLAY.

Affirmative Answers Received from All the Great Powers.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—[By the Associated Press.] The Navy Department has received answers from all the governments invited to participate in the great naval display in honor of the discovery of America.

Austria, Turkey and Greece (including Roumania and Servia) were obliged to decline the invitation to participate, the reason given in each case being that no vessels were available. Germany and Russia accept.

Germany will send two armored cruisers. Russia will send a large fleet, and will probably have the largest representation of any nation in the ceremonies. Great Britain has accepted the invitation. Italy will send three cruisers, and perhaps a transport. Spain will be represented by three cruisers and gunboats. France has reluctantly accepted the invitation to participate, but no vessel have yet been designated. Brazil will send one ironclad and two cruisers. From the Netherlands will come one frigate. Uruguay declined on the ground that no vessel was available.

WHISKY TRUST?

Two Minority Reports, One Making Adulteration a Criminal Offense.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—[By the Associated Press.] Two minority reports were filed on the whisky trust investigation. Mr. Buchanan of New Jersey and Mr. Broderick of Kansas making one and Mr. Ray of New York making the other.

The former state there is no line in the testimony to show that domestic facilities are not ample for the production of all adulterated products, and it is a matter of common knowledge that imported goods are very often grossly adulterated.

Mr. Ray fully concurs with the report, and adds that in his judgment the manufacture and sale of imitation and adulterated liquors of all kinds and especially those containing poisonous compounds and drugs deleterious to health

can by law be made a criminal offense, punishable by such penalties as to put an end to the practice.

FUR-BEARING ANIMALS.

Secretary Foster Amends His Late Circular Regarding These Killing.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—[By the Associated Press.] Secretary Foster of the Treasury Department has amended his recent circular regarding the killing of fur-bearing animals in Alaska so as to permit vessels, other than revenue cutters as heretofore, to transport natives to localities where the sea otter is found. It also permits vessels having on board sea otter skins to file a manifest of such skins at the first port of entry in the United States.

Unappreciated Wit.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Warren Holt, a third-class clerk in the Pension Office, has been dismissed for having stated to members of Congress that pensions were being granted for "baldness."

A ROUMANIAN SENSATION.

The Mysterious Disappearance of Heirs to an Estate.

BUCHAREST, March 2.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] A criminal sensation has developed here in the ordering of the arrest of Mme. Diarne and her husband, formerly Mayor of a small town near here. The woman is the widow of the late Prince Menzikoff, one of the greatest of boyards. He left a fortune of several million francs to his four children, making the widow trustee. Five years ago she married Diarne. Since then one of the children died under suspicious circumstances, and two others have disappeared. It is believed they have been foully dealt with in order that the Diarne might take their estate.

The court ordered the exhumation of the body of the child known to be dead, and search is being made for the bodies of the other two. The remaining daughter has been placed under the court's protection.

MATRIMONIAL FAILURE.

A Titled Englishwoman Sues Her Husband for Divorce.

LONDON, March 2.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The celebrated De Walden divorce case came up today.

Lady Howard de Walden brings action for divorce, and her husband brings a cross suit. Lord Howard de Walden is very wealthy, being one of the greatest landed lords of London. He accuses Lady de Walden of adultery with Count Jean de Madre and Capt. Winter. She alleges in her behalf cruelties on the part of her husband.

Revolution in Honduras.

NEW ORLEANS, March 2.—Advices from Honduras report that country again in a state of revolution. A fierce battle is stated to have taken place between the revolutionists and the government soldiers, several of whom were killed, among them the Mayor of Jutiapa.

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Run on a Bank.

SANDUSKY (O.) March 2.—There was a run on the Sandusky Savings Bank today, about \$50,000 being drawn out by small depositors. The National Bank and business men stood by the bank, and before the bank closed the excitement ended. The bank is perfectly sound, and no trouble is anticipated for to-morrow.

A Receiver Appointed.

PHILADELPHIA, March 2.—C. A. MacManus of the brokerage firm of Laughlin & MacManus, today applied for the appointment of a receiver for the firm. The application was granted.

The failure, although regarded as a bad one, has not a dollar of obligations in the board of brokers. The liabilities are scattered, it is said, chiefly among the banks. The assets and liabilities are not known.

Railroad Men Strike.

FRANKFORT (Ind.) March 2.—Owing to the failure of the Clover Leaf Railroad to pay their men for January they have a strike on their hands. Yesterday the shop force and switchmen went out, refusing to return to work until they received their checks. The company is making every effort to adjust matters, and it is thought 200 men now out will return to work tomorrow.

Postal Official Resigns.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.—It was announced in postal circles today that George L. Seybold, chief inspector of the postal service here, had tendered his resignation to the authorities in Washington in order that he may take the management of the American Surety Company on this Coast.

The Hawkins-Miller Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.—The preliminary examination of Del Hawkins and five others charged with manslaughter in causing the death of Billy Miller in a prize fight took place today. Witnesses were examined, but no new facts were brought out. The judge took the case under advisement till next Tuesday.

Movements of Secretary Noble.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Secretary Noble will return to his home as soon as possible after he is relieved by the incoming Secretary, and hopes to be able to leave Washington next Tuesday afternoon. He will at once resume the practice of law.

Shipping.

GENOA, March 2.—Arrived: Ems, from New York.

Bremenhaven.

BREMERHAVEN, March 2.—Arrived: Lahm, from New York.

New York.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Arrived: Suevia, from Hamburg; Aller, from Bremen.

Hold Up.

GOSHEN (Cal.) March 2.—Fred McPhee, agent on the Huron ranch, was held up today and robbed of \$200 by two masked men.

Annoyance Favored.

PARS, March 2.—May, daughter of Gen. George B. McClellan, has become a Roman Catholic.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The San Diego Republican City Convention yesterday nominated A. G. Gassen for Mayor.

Report via Panama state that Campion was born in Panama, 1856. Six villages have been swept away and hundreds of people are reported drowned.

Yesterday a barn of hay three miles northeast of Biggs, Cal., was burned and the body of a man was found in the ruins. It is supposed to be that of Sam Clark, a single man and ex-soldier.

A Poke.

ST. LOUIS, March 2.—The so-called Kickapoo outbreak on the Mexican border is pronounced a first-class fake.

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PUBLISHERS OF THE

Los Angeles Daily Times, the Sunday Times, and the Saturday Times and Weekly Mirror.

H. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager.
L. E. MOSHER.....Vice-President.
ALBERT MC FARLAND.....Treasurer.
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The Los Angeles Times

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

TWELFTH YEAR.

TERMS: By Mail, \$9 a year; by carrier 85 cents a month, or 20 cents a week. Sunday Times, \$2 a year. Weekly, \$1.30; 6 months, 75 cents.

Guaranteed Net Daily Circulation, February, 12,387 Copies.

Exceeding the combined circulation of all other Los Angeles daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

The Times is for sale at the Occidental Hotel news stand, San Francisco, price 5 cents per copy.

TO NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS.

THE TIMES will issue an INAUGURATION SUPPLEMENT for use by neighboring journals. Orders should be in by Saturday evening, March 4, for this special 4-page sheet. It will contain a complete telegraphic description of the inauguration ceremonies, giving the address of the new President, descriptions of the ceremonies, the parade, the ball, Mrs. Cleveland's gown, the crowds, etc., with numerous illustrations, and a mass of other matter pertinent to the occasion. The pages will be made up in such way as to make the sheet suitable for sending out with any daily or weekly paper. It will be ready for shipment on Sunday, and the cost will be \$1.50 per 100 copies.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

AT THE OPERAHOUSE—The Dwarfs' Wedding.

PARK THEATER—The White Slave.

A WOMAN'S insurance company has been organized in Chicago.

A MAN down East has invented "self-patching trousers." Thus is removed another obstacle to women going into politics.

It is announced that there were 6,000,000 fewer hogs in this country on the 1st of January, 1893, than on the 1st of January the year before. People who have had much to do with politics haven't noticed the falling off.

Since the close of the war this country has paid about two thousand five hundred millions as interest on its national debt. Total pension payments up to date aggregate one thousand six hundred millions. We have been more liberal with the bondholder than with the soldier.

The new life put into the tobacco industry has stimulated farmers in the South to a larger cultivation of the weed. In the meantime the Representatives in Congress from that section are planning to knock the tobacco growing business in the head by repealing the McKinley duty on it.

The Chicago Inter Ocean declares that railroad employés who seek to make trouble during the Columbian year may gain some temporary advantage, but they will live long enough to regret it. They will lose the sympathy of the millions of thinking, patriotic people, and in the end will lose much of gain by such attempted sharp practice.

An Alabama paper informs its readers that "the new election bill just passed, and waiting only for the signature of the Governor, will disfranchise 40,000 negroes." In his conclusion the editor says: "This bill means everlasting Democratic rule in Alabama." The new bill can scarcely make the condition of the colored race in Alabama worse. They have no legal constitutional rights which the white politicians in that State respect.

A GREAT deal of complaint has come to THE TIMES in an indirect way about the inadequate provisions for warming the High School building. It seems that the architect who designed the building made no provision for flues or other means of heating it, and the result is that there is no recourse except in the use of gas stoves. These prove inadequate for the purpose, and there is more or less of a disagreeable odor from them. Pupils complain of colds and headaches, and their health is endangered. This is a matter which the Board of Education should look into. Some better method of heating the building can certainly be devised, and this improvement ought to be secured during the coming summer.

THERE is a good deal of trouble in moving the Riverside orange crop this season. At the meeting of the packers' association last Saturday, Mr. Wray, finding the majority unwilling to reduce the price of fruit, and believing that it would be impossible to market the amount in his control against the competition from outside the association, presented his ultimatum, which was that he should sell at \$1.50 for seedlings, and \$2.50 for navel, whether the association consented or not, giving as a reason that much of the fruit for which he was agent was being damaged by being held. The association subsequently adopted these figures, although many of the houses declare they will ship no fruit at these prices, being confident that that which is held will be sold for a considerable advance later on. The Orange-growers' Packing Company is "bucking" against this reduction, and announces an advance of 10 cents over the prices given. The Riverside Press advises growers having sound fruit of desirable size to hold on to it until the market price is higher. They are the result of the law, which justify the smart and unscrupulous man in getting all he can and holding fast all he has, up to any limit.

No man should be permitted to make a million dollars a year out of investments. No man can make a million dollars a year honestly. The law and the customs of the country may uphold him in the proceeding, but this is not the less dishonest. Twenty thousand common men, you meet them each putting forth his best effort in his individual way, cannot sustain themselves and their families and lay away a million dollars a year. Is the power of one as great as that of twenty thousand? The laws and customs make it so, but Justice turns her head from the cruel wrong. When one man lays up a million a year he takes from the earnings of twenty thousand of his fellow-beings, who are unable to lay up anything. Dollars serve merely to represent wealth, and wealth cannot be created by kings; it comes only in response to the toil of human hands.

Sometimes there is a poor man who is more capable, by reason of superior education and greater natural power of thought, to weigh these things than is his rich neighbor, and in this country of free schools and half a million printing presses it is not surprising that the weighing process engenders a feeling of discontent and of burdens borne beyond the limit of endurance. Things may proceed on and on, but there must be an end. To close the eyes to this blazing truth involves as great folly as to ignore the physiological consequences of prolonged bodily indignities. The fast liver knows whether the road he is traveling leads and counts upon his ability to turn aside in time. Has the Nation no prodding conscience, no sensitive, overworked organ, no swimming brain that pleads for quiet and repose?

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Browning's Poetry.

In spite of the many detractors of Robert Browning, and notwithstanding the somewhat stale jests on the supposed obscurity of his style, no other poet of the Victorian era, except perhaps Lord Tennyson, is so powerfully influencing current thought. Lovers of the best poetry are coming to see that, while some of Browning's longer and more philosophical writings are lacking in poetic form, and are neither "simple, sensuous or passionate," he has given us a large number of beautiful lyrics, wonderful character portraits, stirring dramas and fascinating studies of the human heart. He is a robust intellect, a valiant soldier of humanity and a true helper of all who would live in the spirit. Not to know such a poet is to miss some of the finest formative influences that develop manly and womanly character. An increasing number of the most active intellects of our age are receiving this influence from the reading of the best part of Browning's poetry. They find in it something more and something better than the gratification of an esthetic taste. The author of "Saul," of "Rabbi Ben Ezra," of "Pippa Passes," of "Apt Vogler," and of the great chapters "Pomplilia," "Caponsacchi," and "The Pope," in the "King and Book," brings a cheerful and inspiring message to those whom the doubts, the worldliness and the cynicism of the age have driven to the verge of despair. His voice bids them "forward." Like the lamented Phillips Brooks, he utters in manliest the quickening message of a strong and vigorous faith.

THE Department of Agriculture was established by act of Congress in 1889, just before the expiration of President Cleveland's first term. Norman J. Colman of Missouri was the first head of the department, but occupied the place only a few weeks. He was succeeded by Jeremiah M. Rusk (our "Uncle Jerry"), who will be succeeded by J. Sterling Morton. Colman was a Mississoulian and Rusk a Wisconsin man. Mr. Morton is from Nebraska. It is very proper that this Cabinet office should be held by a representative of the agricultural West. Mr. Morton was one of the first advocates of tree-culture in the prairie country, and originated the custom of celebrating Arbor day, which has been made a legal holiday in many Western States. This anniversary is observed by planting trees, not by fireworks and brass bands.

THE recent Democratic primary election in Chicago was correctly interpreted by the Associated Press dispatch, and Carter, Harrison got the "cinch" on the nomination of his party for Mayor. But it may not be all smooth sailing for him. The Chicago Herald, one of the staunchest Democratic papers in the country on national issues, declares that Harrison is the father and patron of anarchy in that city, and that right-thinking Democrats are not going to endorse his former administration by voting for him. With a prospective split in the Democratic ranks, and if the Republicans have the *sabotage* to put up a first-class man, they are likely to have it.

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THE Chicago Tribune thinks that a brief, simple bill enacted by Congress authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to redeem treasury notes in silver in terms of gold, giving enough silver to equal the nominal value of the note in gold, would stop the steady outflow of the yellow metal from the Government vaults. It would also enable the treasury to utilize the vast horde of bullion silver, amounting to about half a billion dollars. The worst feature about this is that it would reduce silver at one stroke to the absolute level of a commodity, and the price would therefore fall rapidly. It would knock silver out as a coin metal, and that is what the gold bugs most ardently desire.

FOR ALL the preliminary talk, the crinoline has at last got a foothold—or whatever kind of a hold you want to call it—at one place in the country. Maude Madison is wearing it on the New York stage, and, as an accessory in the skirt dance, it is voted a tremendous success.

Some one says: "A little cow, well filled, for butter; a little larger cow for milk and the big cow for beef."

James Brown and Fred Hart, two toughs, engaged in a go-as-you-please battle in Chinatown last night, with the result that both were arrested by Officer John Collins, who placed charges of disturbing the peace opposite their names.

Jugged for Fighting.

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SACRAMENTO.

Another Legislative Investigation Threatened.

Charges That the Riverside County Division Bill Was Bought.

The Democrats Will Oppose Carpenter's Reassessment Substitute.

The Red Bag Flounced in the Face of the Enraged Toro—Two of Mr. Bull's Bills Bounced—Santa Ynez County.

Special Correspondence of The Times.

SACRAMENTO, March 1, 1893.—The Bee of last night has the following:

ANOTHER INVESTIGATION.

The dubbing of this Legislature of a "thousand investigations" was not amiss. Everything and everybody seems bent on being investigated. The Stockton Mall has been asserting that \$300 was paid to a member of the Legislature of the Assembly for their vote on the county division bill. It is now asserted that a committee of investigation will be asked for and witnesses examined to ascertain who are the members who asked for and received the \$300 for their votes.

THE UPWARD SCALE.

Circulation of The Times—

For August, 1890.....\$7.13 copies

For July, 1891.....\$8.38 copies

For January, 1892.....\$8.657 "

For July, 1892.....\$9.938 "

For January, 1893.....\$10.788 "

For February, 1893.....\$11.715 "

For FEBRUARY, 1893.....\$12.367 "

*Net.

TO WRITERS.

One Thousand Dollars in Prizes For Short Stories.

These stories are to be from three to six thousand words in length and suitable for publication in the columns of THE TIMES; but they will not necessarily be confined to this medium. The prizes are offered for the best five stories as follows:

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THE COURTS.

Young Claude Hill Convicted of Embezzlement.

Only Twenty Minutes for the Jury to Arrive at a Verdict.

An interesting Story Developed in a Trial Before Judge Van Dyke.

Two Divorces Granted and Two New Suits Filed—An Old Woman Adjudged Insane—Suit on a Promissory Note.

The trial of the Claude L. Hill embezzlement case was concluded in Department One yesterday afternoon, the defendant being convicted in short order.

During the morning session A. M. Stephen, J. A. Anderson, Sr., Samuel Mansfield and H. C. Clements were called upon to testify to the previous good character borne by the defendant, and Hill was called to the stand for cross-examination. The defense then rested its case, and, after W. C. Thiele had been examined in rebuttal for the prosecution, both sides closed.

The matter was then argued by counsel, and shortly after 3 o'clock it was finally submitted to the jury, that body returning a verdict of "guilty as charged," after a deliberation of twenty minutes' duration, whereupon the Court remanded the defendant, with directions to appear for sentence on Monday next.

There is another charge of embezzlement pending against Hill.

TELL DIFFERENT STORIES.

The trial of the case of John Brittle vs. F. B. Weis, an action to recover \$40,830, alleged to be due upon a promissory note, was commenced before Judge Van Dyke and a jury in Department Four yesterday.

The plaintiff in his complaint simply sets forth the fact that on November 30, 1891, defendant executed a note for \$400, payable at eighty-two days after date, and bearing interest at 10 per cent per annum, and that it has never been paid.

The defendant, however, in his answer and cross-complaint, relates a somewhat different and more interesting story of the transaction. He alleges that on December 18, 1890, he and Brittle entered into an agreement at Downey, where he resides, by the terms of which the plaintiff agreed to lease the "Old Summer's ranch" of forty acres of land, about midway between San Bernardino and Redlands, for a stated term and sum. It being further agreed that defendant was to receive half of the crops, wine and other products raised thereon upon condition that he (Weis) furnished all the water necessary for the cultivation of the ranch. On October 30, 1891, plaintiff represented that, in addition to the other crops, he had raised \$400 worth of corn upon the ranch, and offered to sell his share of the products to Weis for \$700, of which \$300 was to be paid down and a note given for the balance. Defendant accepted the offer, paid the money and gave the note, but subsequently found that he had been duped. He further charges Brittle with having surreptitiously sold the water which he (Weis) supplied for use on the ranch, and for all these things he seeks to recover damages in the sum of \$1,800. The case will be resumed this morning.

SUIT TO RECOVER MONEY.

The case of J. Samsonet vs. George Le Messager and Pierre Darancette, an action to recover the sum of \$500, in which plaintiff claimed to have placed in defendants' hands for investment before he left for Europe in September, 1886, and for which they failed to account, came up for trial before Judge Clark in Department Two yesterday, but was not concluded, and went over until today.

The defendant, Darancette, admits the receipt of the \$500, but claims that he merely accepted it and acted as plaintiff's agent, as an accommodation to a friend. He alleged that he loaned the money, together with \$1,500 of his own, on F. Couture, an honest and well-to-do merchant, who, unfortunately, became involved in business difficulties, and went into insolvency. He says, however, that some day he expects to have the sum remitted to him by his friend in France. Meanwhile, he pleads the statute of limitations.

ADJUDGED INSANE.

Mrs. Elizabeth Fox, a native of New York, 70 years of age, was duly adjudged insane, and committed to the State Asylum at Napa by Judge Clark yesterday, in accordance with the recommendation of Drs. Cowles and Wernick, the examining commissioners.

The unfortunate old woman, whose mind has been affected more or less for the past sixteen years, has various delusions, the most fixed of which are that she can commune with the spirits of dead friends, and that she is immensely wealthy.

DIVORCE BUSINESS.

Eprain Valenzuela was granted a decree by Judge Smith yesterday divorcing him from Agrippina Ludo Valenzuela upon the ground of adultery; and Beatrix R. Howard was granted a decree of divorce, in the same court, from Will H. Howard, upon the ground of wilful desertion. Both defendants had allowed the matter to go by default.

Suits for divorce have been commenced, upon various statutory grounds, by E. E. Dilley vs. Mary E. Dilley, and Mrs. Rose A. Northway vs. James A. Northway.

FINED THIRTY DOLLARS.

In the Township Court yesterday morning the case against Ralph Rogers of Garvanza, charged with having exhibited a deadly weapon to Charles Peterson and Chris Jann. Recently, in an angry and threatening manner, came up for trial before Justice McLean of Rosedale. Justice Bartholomew having retired in his favor from the bench, temporarily, on account of having already tried a case in which the same parties were interested. In spite of the fact that the defendant was not present, the Rosedale magistrate ordered the trial proceeded with, and, after hearing the testimony for the prosecution, convicted the defendant and imposed a fine of \$30.

Shortly afterward Rogers presented himself at the bar and announced himself as ready for trial, when to his astonishment, he was informed that the case had already been disposed of, and that there was a little account of \$30 outstanding against him. The Garvanza capitalist was somewhat nonplussed at first, but soon recovered his composure, and, after a heated debate, the Court granted the defendant a new trial and vacated the judgment already entered against him.

Court Notes.

Judge Smith yesterday morning arraigned James Turner and Peter Hansen upon the charge of having resisted

an officer, and Francesca Mandibles and Mary Tillman upon the charge of burglary, and allowed all four defendants until Monday next in which to plead.

The arraignment of Jesse G. Maris, charged with having assaulted D. C. Lewis with intent to commit murder, on February 20 last, and José Garcia, charged with rape, were deferred by Judge Smith yesterday morning until Monday next.

Judge Clark yesterday morning granted the application of Mrs. Ann Unch Rosenthal for leave to become a sole trader. The petitioner alleges that she desires to keep a boarding and lodging-house, in order to support herself and six children, her husband, although idle and dissolute, having given her no grounds upon which she might apply for a divorce.

The trial of the suit instituted by P. H. Lemmert against M. M. Morrison et al., was resumed before Judge Wade and a jury in Department Three yesterday, but the matter was not concluded, and will be taken up again to Monday next.

Pursuant to a stipulation filed therin, Judge Van Dyke yesterday morning vacated his order overruling the demurser in the damage suit of Mrs. Kate Brown vs. the Temple Street Cable Railway Company, and the case was replaced on the calendar for Monday next.

No claims having been presented in the matter of the insolvency of C. G. Ramsdell, Judge Shaw, upon motion of counsel for the petitioner, ordered the proceedings dismissed yesterday morning.

Judge Shaw tried the case of Nathan S. Porter vs. R. A. Lockett et al., an action to cancel a tax deed to the north half of farm lot 110 of the American Colony tract at Long Beach, which had been assessed to unknown owners and sold for delinquent taxes, yesterday morning, and ordered judgment for the plaintiff, each party, however, being required to pay his own costs.

Among the documents filed with the County Clerk yesterday were the preliminary papers in the following new cases:

G. Esham vs. N. P. Campbell; suit to quiet title to twelve lots in block 4 of the Meadow Glen tract.

W. H. Holmes vs. A. C. Golsh; suit to recover \$725 alleged to be due on eight notes assigned to plaintiff by Edward W. Pratt.

John McLennan vs. John G. Downey et al.; suit to quiet title to two lots in the Rancho San Pedro.

Walter Ferris vs. W. H. Sommers; suit to recover \$1250 alleged to be due for architect's fees.

Victor Martinez, Sr. vs. the Los Angeles Consolidated Electric Railway Company; suit to recover \$100,000 damages, alleged to have been sustained by reason of the accidental death of plaintiff's son at the corner of Buena Vista and Ord streets on December 14 last.

Petition of Frank M. Kelsey, public administrator, for letters of administration to the estate of G. N. LeValley, deceased, who died at Dixon county, Nebraska, on October 21, 1891, leaving real estate here valued at \$734.

Today's Calendar.

DEPARTMENT ONE—Judge Smith.

DEPARTMENT TWO—Judge Clark.

Estate of E. L. Williams, deceased; will. Estate of A. Rowland, deceased; citation of Westley Roberts, deceased; will.

Estate of Lucia A. Pierce, deceased; will. Estate of Trinidad Yorba, deceased; ac-count.

Estate of Hosea Brockett, deceased; to confirm sale.

Estate of J. W. Broadhead, deceased; final account.

Estate of H. J. Esdor, deceased; to confirm sale, etc.

Estate of Ann E. Steere, deceased; will. Estate of Manly Rogers, deceased; for leave to convey.

Estate of I. M. Helmian, deceased; de-nounced.

Estate of W. R. Chambers, deceased; final account and distribution.

Estate of A. C. Keating, deceased; final account and distribution.

Estate, etc., of the Keating minors; final account.

LAWRENCE SCHILLING et al. vs. L. Friel et al.; forchairs.

J. H. Lankershim vs. city of Los Angeles et al.; injunction.

DEPARTMENT THREE—Judge Wade.

F. E. Trask vs. Arthur Gayford et al.; services.

P. H. Lemmert vs. M. M. Morrison et al.; on trial.

DEPARTMENT FOUR—Judge Van Dyke.

Ellen D. Raymond vs. George W. Glover et al.; lien.

W. H. Bowen vs. H. C. Carson et al.; to quiet title.

DEPARTMENT FIVE—Judge Shaw.

Augur Shoulderer vs. E. D. Gibson et al.; damages.

Bertha Lichtenstein vs. Theodore Lichtenstein; divorce.

DEPARTMENT SIX—Judge McKinley.

Clear.

THE OUTLOOK DISCOURAGING.

Arizona Cattle Men in a Bad Way—Herd Dying Off.

T. A. Jones of Nogales, Ariz., reports the cattle men of Southern Arizona as being very much discouraged.

"Cattle are dying off by the hundreds in that country," said Mr. Jones "and if the stock-growers get through the winter with one-third their stock they will do well." Even though they pull through the winter they will do so only to face the fact that no provider awaits their starved herds, as there has been no rain to amount to anything and grass won't grow without some moisture, while the browse is all eaten clean.

"Indeed, the position of the cattle-growers of Southern Arizona is an uncomfortable one, for, with debts accumulating, herds depleted, and the range bare of vegetation, the future is quite a blank."

Pacific Coast Pensions.

A Washington special says the following Pacific Coast pensions were granted February 28:

California: Original—Frank Winter,

Henry G. Harper, Charles Roberson,

David McCullough, James H. Walker,

William M. Hendrickson, Thomas Stoker, Joseph M. Poole. Additional—James E. Guthrie. Original widows, etc.—Kate Brown, Sophia Still.

Washington: Original—George L. McDowell, Rudolph Bollinger. Additional—James W. Ross, Henry Randolph. Increase—William H. Carnes.

Utah: Original—Herman Wils.

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DRIEST & SUNNIEST!

Official Figures Do Not Lie! Note Comparisons

of rainfall from November 1, 1892, to February 28, 1893, at Coronado Beach and Los Angeles, both tables being the official report of the Observers of the U. S. Weather Bureau at both points.

CORONADO BEACH vs. LOS ANGELES

IN THE SAME TIME.

Feb. 8, Total... 23 Total 17.27

IN INCHES.

Invalidated figures, health-seekers and invalids alike, as well, can draw their own conclusions. The Hotel Del Coronado has always made the boast of occupying the driest spot on the Pacific Coast, and season after season demonstrates that the hotel is not an idle one. For any information about this "unique corner of the earth," and for descriptive pamphlets, rates, etc., call at the agency, 125 North Spring street, or address

E. S. BABCOCK, Manager.

Coronado Beach, Cal.

FOOTBALL

The Coming Match Between the Chaffey and the Olives.

Both the Chaffey College and Olive football teams have been practicing diligently for the match game which takes place Saturday afternoon at Athletic Park. The Olive boys have been at work down at the park every afternoon for some weeks, and they are putting up a strong game. Their team has been strengthened considerably by the addition of Dillon, who will play right end. They are especially strong behind the line, and their half backs, Wright and Manning, have no superiors in Southern California. Their line is also very strong, Heffner, McKeely and Lockhart making a powerful center, and the Chaffey boys will find it very difficult to get through. They are thoroughly drilled in their signals, and work together for every point, which will show a marked contrast with the game seen here last Christmas day.

They play a team game strictly, and understand thoroughly that individual playing counts for nothing in a good game of football.

While the Olives put up a very strong and scientific game, they will come far short of having a walkover. The Chaffey College boys have been working equally hard. They have been under the instruction of a coach formerly of the University of Michigan. They have it in for the Olives and expect to win.

It is a hard matter at present to pick the winning team. The chances of both are equally good, as the last game between them resulted in a tie score of 4 to 4.

It will be an interesting and exciting contest and all admirers of football will be on hand to witness it.

A Neighborhood Row.

David Wilkinson, a negro, living in the west end of town, was fined \$6 for battering D. A. Pratt, a neighbor, who took up some of Wilkinson's horses for trespassing on his premises. The case seems to be a very disagreeable neighborhood quarrel, as it was not clearly shown that the animals had trespassed, but that Pratt took the horses up through petty spite, when Wilkinson, while recovering them by force, pummeled his over-zealous neighbor.

Wilkinson, who heard of a warrant having been issued, surrendered himself to the Court.

This seems not to be the last of the affair, as Wilkinson swore to a complaint charging Pratt with having taken Wilkinson's son from a horse while herding the offending cattle and severely drubbed the lad. This case was continued as Pratt had disappeared.

LET OFF WITH LIGHT FINES.

Cases against a quartette of violators of the hitching ordinance gathered at different times since Wednesday—C. Boege, S. Alexander, Wing Lee and Ah Sam—were disposed of yesterday by Justice Austin, who gave the first three who appeared a lecture and a fine of \$1 each, while the \$5 surely put up by Ah Sam was declared forfeited, owing to non-appearance.

Pleaded Guilty to Petty Larceny.

James Peyton, the bicycle thief, who was to have appeared before Justice Bartholomew in answer to a charge of grand larceny, yesterday, was allowed to plead guilty to an amended charge of petty larceny before Justice Austin, who will pass sentence upon the culprit tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

JUST ARRIVED.

A large importation of Cassabas, Oriental Irish Point, Stamme, Brussels, Swiss Marie Antoinette, Muslin and Nottingham Lace Curtains, etc.

New lines of Furniture arriving daily. In

Rattan Furniture

We have some beauties.

BUSINESS.**FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.**

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.
LOS ANGELES, March 2, 1893.
San Francisco advises report the citrus fruit market dull and heavy in all lines of oranges, with large stocks on hand. California lemons are steady held.

The vegetable market is steady. Potatoes are lower under heavy receipts from Oregon. Onions are lower.

The butter market continues weak, with heavy supplies in all grades. Eggs of all kinds are dull. Cheese is steady.

The Candy Packing Company reports as follows: The packing for the week ending Saturday, February 25, is 19,000 hogs, against 23,500 for the corresponding week in 1892, and 36,000 in 1891.

The aggregate packing since November 1st amounts to 4,515,000 hogs, against 7,510,000 for the corresponding period in 1891. 92; being a decrease of 2,055,000, or over 38.8 per cent.

New York Stocks.

NEW YORK. March 2.—The stock market continued to show a dwindling volume of business today, while the interest in trading, aside from specialties, was concentrated entirely on bonds and stocks.

There was a well developed marked strength and imparted a firm temper to the rest of the market. Considerable early selling of Sugar and Cordage resulted in the early decline of both, but, on rumors of dividends, Sugar mounted quickly from 120 to 134 1/2, and Cordage from 134 1/2 to 137 1/2.

The close was rather heavy, though at fractional advances for the day. Railroad bonds were comparatively active and firm.

Government bonds closed dull and lower.

NEW YORK. March 2.—**MONEY**—No call easier at 3 1/2%; closed offered at 4 per cent.

PRIME MERCANTILE PAPER—60% per cent.

STERLING EXCHANGE—Quiet but steady; 60-day bills, 4.85%; demand, 4.87%.

New York Stocks and Bonds.

NEW YORK. March 2.

Aitchison..... 32% T. C. M.P. 19
Am. Exp. 11% C. Co. N.Y. 22
Am. Col. Oil.... 50% O. S. L. 22
C. H. & Q. 95% Pac. Mail. 23
Can. Pacific.... 83% Pull. Palace. 193
Can. South.... 55% San Fran. 105
Can. Pacific.... 27% Reading. 265
Del. Lack. 143% Rich. Terrell's. 97 1/2
D. & G. pfid. 142% R. G. W. 60
Distilleries.... 33% R. G. W. pfid. 60
Gen. Electric.... 106 R. G. W. lts. 76 1/2
Illinoian Can. 99% Rock Is. 83 1/2
Kan. & Tex. 24% St. Paul. 77 1/2
Lake Shore.... 127% St. P. & O. 54 1/2
Lead Trust.... 41% Sugar. 124
Long Island Nas. 75% Tex. & P. 68 1/2
Mich. Cent. 50% U. S. Ex. 68 1/2
Mo. Pacific.... 55% U. S. Cons. 65
North Am. 94% U. S. S. cons. 113
N. Pacific.... 15% U. S. As reg. 112
N. Pacific pfid. 40% U. S. S. reg. 99 1/2
N. W. 112% Wells-Fargo. 146
N. W. pfid. 144% W. Union. 66 1/2
N. Y. C. 109% Linseed. 87

New York Mining Stocks.

NEW YORK. March 2.

Crown Point.... 50% Plymouth. 80
Con. Cal. & Va. 250 Sierra Nev. 113
Deadwood.... 130 Standard. 140
Gould & Curr. 85 Union Con. 95
Hale & Nor. 115 Yellow Jkt. 45

Homesite.... 115 Iron Silver. 40

Mexican.... 120 Quicksilver. 80

Ontario.... 140 Quicksilver pfid. 100

Ophir.... 200 Balwer. 30

San Francisco Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO. March 2.

Bolsher.... 50 Peter. 15
Best & Bel. 150 Potos. 110
Chollar. 40 Ophir. 190
Con. Va. 245 Savage. 70
Confidence.... 135 Sierra Nev. 15
Gould & Curr. 80 Union Con. 90
Hale Nor. 105 Yellow Jkt. 50

Boston Stocks.

BOSTON. March 2.—**CLOSING.** Aitchison,

Topsail and Santa Fe. 32%, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 90%; Bell Telephone, 20%; Mexican Central, 10%; San Diego, 12% bid.

Bear Silver.

SAN FRANCISCO. March 2.—**BAR SILVER**—\$33@83%.

SAN FRANCISCO. March 2.—**MEXICAN**—Dollars—66@66%.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS.**Grain.**

CHICAGO. March 2.—Wheat was active and strong and higher, as a result of the killing of the Hatch Anti-option Bill by the House yesterday. The effect was not immediately seen at the openin, which was 24c above par, 2 1/2c below, and an urgent demand for the shorts, and a pronounced increase in outside buying orders, and an advance of 2c followed, but sales to realize profits caused a decline of 2 1/2c. Renewed buying caused another upturn of 2 1/2c above yesterday's close, and the market closed firm at 24 above.

Receipts of 1,000,000 bushels; shipments, 64,000 bushels.

Closing quotations: **WHEAT**—Firm; cash, 74 1/2%; May, 77%.

CORN—Higher; cash, 41 1/2%; May, 44%.

OATS—Firm; cash, 30 1/2@31; May, 33 1/2%.

Rye.

BUCKWHEAT—62.

Flax.

WHEAT—12 1/2%.

TIMOTHY.

LIVERPOOL. March 2.—**WHEAT**—Demand poor; No. 2 red winter closed steady at 5s 7d.

CORN—Demand fair; March steady at 4s 2d; April, steady at 4s 2d; May, steady at 4s 1d.

Wheat.

CHICAGO. March 2.—**POWDER**—Steady; cash, 18.57%; May, 18.87%.

Lard.

CHICAGO. March 2.—**LAND**—Steady; cash, 13.10; May, 13.18.

Dry Salt Meats.

CHICAGO. March 2.—**DRY SALT MEATS**—Ribs, steady; cash, 10.45%; May, 10.45%; short clear, 10.75@10.80%; shoulders, 9.85@9.87%.

Petroleum.

NEW YORK. March 2.—**PETROLEUM**—Market closed at 64¢ bid.

Gasoline.

NEW YORK. March 2.—**Wool**—Quiet and firm; domestic, 27@32; pulled, 20@37; Texas, 27@31.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK. March 2.—**COTTON**—Options closed barely steady, 10 points down to 5 up; sales were 21,500 bags, including March, 17.40; April, 16.95; May, 16.80; June, 16; spot Rio closed dull and nominal; No. 2, 16.

Sugar.

CHICAGO. March 2.—**CATTLE**—Receipts, 10,000 head; the market closed a shade stronger; prime steers, 5.80@5.90; good to choice, 5.00@5.50; medium, 4.50@4.60; Texans, 3.50@3.65; stockers, 3.25@3.35.

HOGS—The receipts were 17,000 head; market closed steady; prime, 4.80@4.90; mixed, 7.80@8.00; prime, heavy and butchers' weights, 8.10@8.30; prime, light, 7.90@8.10; other lights, 7.50@7.60; pigs, 5.50@5.60.

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Chicago Live Stock.

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